

2015 Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey Report

Report for Grand Isle SU

Survey Format in 2015

In 2015, we conducted two surveys: a high school survey of students in grades 9 through 12, and a middle school survey of students in grades 6 through 8.

Results in this report include high school and middle school results for Vermont and for Grand Isle SU. All results in the 2015 high school section are for grades 9 through 12 only, and the middle school section are for grades 6 through 8 only.

The middle school and high school surveys differed slightly. The shorter middle school survey included questions on fighting, bullying, suicidality, substance use, attitudes and perceptions about substance use, body image, physical activity, and youth assets. The high school survey included questions on these topics as well as self-reported height and weight, driving behaviors, other drug use, sexual behavior and orientation, and nutrition.

Copies of both surveys can be found online at: <http://healthvermont.gov/research/yrbs.aspx> Copies of the full state reports, highlights, and additional sub state reports can also be found here.

The Vermont Department of Health would like to acknowledge the work and effort of all the schools, teachers and students who choose to participate in the Youth Risk Behavior Survey each year.

We would especially like to thank the following schools from Grand Isle who participated in the 2015 YRBS:

Middle School- Grades 6-8

Alburgh Community Education Center

Folsom Education and Community Center

Grand Isle Elementary School

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How to Use the YRBS

The YRBS can detect changes in risk behaviors over time and identify differences among ages, grades, and genders. With these data, we can focus prevention efforts and determine whether school policies and community programs are having the intended effect on student behaviors.

Think of the YRBS as a tool for starting discussions, for educating the community, for planning and evaluating programs, and for comparing Vermont students with other students nationwide.

- **Start the Conversation:** Use the YRBS to begin a conversation with teens about the personal choices they make or about the health of their community. Ask them if the results accurately reflect what they see happening around them. How do they explain the results? From their perspective, what is or is not working? How would they promote healthy behaviors?
- **Increase Awareness:** The YRBS provides an opportunity to break through “denial” and make community members aware of the risks that their young people face. It can also dispel myths and correct misinformation about the “average teenager.” The YRBS can accentuate the positive and celebrate the fact that many students are abstaining from behaviors that endanger their health and their ability to succeed.
- **Plan and Evaluate Programs:** The YRBS can serve as the basis of a community needs assessment. It can help identify strengths and weaknesses in communities, and can inform strategies to address those weaknesses.
- **Remember to Look at the Positive Side:** In most cases, the majority of adolescents are NOT engaging in risky behaviors. Although most of the charts examine the prevalence of risk behaviors, please do not forget about the percentage of adolescents who are NOT engaging in these behaviors.

Note: “Getting to ‘Y’”, a program originally funded by the Agency of Education, provides a manual for student groups looking to analyze and leverage their own YRBS data – it can be found here: <http://www.upforlearning.com/index.php/yatst> .

How to Read this YRBS Report

Format: The results appear in data tables, with an overall average, by grade and by gender. The percentages in some charts may not total 100% due to rounding.

Weighting: The results in this report are weighted by gender, grade, and race/ethnicity in order to compensate for absenteeism and incomplete surveys. The weighting allows the results to be fully representative of public students in grades six through eight (middle school survey) and grades nine through twelve (high school survey). This permits us to draw inferences about the school-based student population in Vermont.

From 1993 through 2011, statewide reports included numbers based on a weighted sample of schools, and local-level reports included unweighted numbers. Beginning 2013, due to the high participation from Vermont schools, the switch was made to use all of the student responses in the statewide report, instead of a sample. This allows for direct comparison between county estimates and the statewide estimates, as well as ensure that the estimates are more accurate. You can still compare the local-level report numbers to previous local-level years.

Statistical Comparisons: We note significant differences in the far right column on each table labeled “Notes.” For the 2015 results, we compared the 95 percent confidence intervals separately by grade, gender and year to determine if the percentages for each county were statistically different from the state. If the confidence intervals overlapped, the percentages were not different. In every table it is noted whether this county is statistically different from the state average. However, we encourage you to consider meaningful difference: does the disparity merit a targeted intervention, show a real change in health, or otherwise mean something important to the community (statistics aside).

In some cases there were not enough students responding to report an estimate. In those cases, there is a dot (.) and the “Notes” column will read “Too few students.” We limit reportable estimates to a total numerator of 5 students and denominator of 50 students.

A Word of Caution

The YRBS represents the most complete and most recent information available about risk behaviors among Vermont students. However, the YRBS has some limitations that you should keep in mind when interpreting the results.

- **Data Quality:** We take numerous precautions to ensure the reliability and validity of the results. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) carefully designed and thoroughly tested the questionnaire. The anonymous survey encourages students to be honest and forthright. The CDC runs over 100 consistency checks on the data to exclude careless, invalid, or logically inconsistent answers. We statistically adjust, or weight, the results so that the responses accurately represent all Vermont public school students based on gender, grade, and race/ethnicity. These precautions can reduce some sources of error, but not all.
- **Who's Not Included:** Administrators make every effort to have all students complete the YRBS. However, students who are not at school the day of the survey are not included in the results. Additionally, students who are home schooled, attend independent schools that chose not to participate, or dropped out of school are not included.
- **Comparing Supervisory Unions/School Districts to Each Other and to the State:** Participating supervisory unions and school districts receive reports of their results comparing them directly to the state. It is natural to also want to know how individual supervisory unions or school districts compare to each other, but we urge caution in making such comparisons because the reasons for the differences may not be simple or easy to identify.
- **What, not Why:** The YRBS can indicate what students are doing. It can also suggest which groups of students are more likely to engage in these behaviors. However, the survey does not answer why they are doing it. We encourage students to analyze their own data and offer insight into the results.

Personal Safety

Feeling safe – whether at school, in a car, or in a relationship – fosters positive adolescent development. The high school and middle school surveys included questions on fighting, bullying, seat belt use, safety at school, helmet use, and suicidality. The high school survey included additional questions on driving behaviors, dating violence, and self-harm.

- Physical fighting is a marker for problem behaviors¹ and is associated with serious injury.^{2,3} Abuse by an intimate partner and forced sex are associated with negative psychosocial outcomes, poor mental health outcomes, and other risk behaviors among both males and females.^{4,5,6}
- Both being a bully and being victimized by bullies have been increasingly recognized as health problems for children because of their association with a range of problems, including poor psychological adjustment,^{7,8} poor academic achievement,⁸ and violent behavior.⁹
- Motor vehicle crash injuries are the leading cause of death among youth ages 15 to 19 in the U.S.¹⁰ Proper use of safety belts reduces the risk of fatal injury to front seat passengers by 45% and risk of moderate to critical injury by 50%.¹¹
- Bicycle helmets are 85% to 88% effective at reducing the impact of head and brain injuries due to bicycle crashes.¹² Despite this, less than one quarter of bicyclists wear helmets.¹²
- In 2011, alcohol use was associated with nearly four in ten motor vehicle-related fatalities nationwide and in Vermont.¹³ Additionally, research examining drugs other than alcohol indicates that marijuana is the most prevalent drug detected in impaired drivers, fatally injured drivers, and motor vehicle crash victims nationwide.¹⁴

Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs

Early use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs is associated with myriad problems later in life. The high school and middle school surveys asked about tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, inhalant, and prescription drug use. Both surveys also asked the age at which students first used alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana. The high school survey asked additional questions on other drug use, such as heroin. Both surveys asked about ease of availability of alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana, peer disapproval of use of these substances, perceived parental disapproval of use, and the risk of harm associated with use of these substances.

- Alcohol use is a major contributing factor in about half of all homicides and sexual assaults,¹⁵ and about one-third of all motor vehicle crash fatalities.¹⁶ Heavy drinking among youth has been linked to violence, academic and job problems, suicidal behavior, trouble with law enforcement authorities, risky sexual behavior, and use of cigarettes, marijuana, and other illegal drugs.^{17,18}
- Tobacco use is the single most preventable cause of death in the United States,¹⁹ contributing to more than one in five deaths.²⁰ Cigarette smoking increases the risk of heart disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, acute respiratory illness, stroke, and cancers of the lung, larynx, oral cavity, pharynx, pancreas, and cervix.¹⁹
- Marijuana use is associated with smoking-related respiratory damage, temporary short-term memory loss, decreased motivation, and psychological dependence.²¹ Other reactions include feelings of distrust, anxiety, or depression.²¹ In Vermont, more teens enter treatment with a primary diagnosis for marijuana dependence than all other illicit drugs combined.²²
- Other drug use is related to suicide, early unwanted pregnancy, school failure, delinquency, and transmission of sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), including HIV infection.²³
- Multi-year results from the Monitoring the Future survey indicate that the prevalence of marijuana use among youth declines as the percentage of youth expressing disapproval of marijuana increases.²⁴ As perception of harm of using alcohol and other drugs decreases, there is a tendency for use to increase.²⁴ Increased use is also associated with the perception that substances are readily available, regardless of whether the perception is accurate.²⁴

Sexual Behavior and Orientation

Experimentation with sexual behaviors and orientation often starts during adolescence. The high school survey asked about age of first sexual intercourse, frequency, sexual partners, sexual orientation, alcohol and drug use related to sexual intercourse, contraceptive use, and HIV testing.

- Early sexual activity and having multiple sexual partners are associated with an increased risk of unwanted pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) including HIV infection,²⁵ and negative effects on social and psychological development.²⁶ Alcohol and drug use may serve as predisposing factors for initiation of sexual activity.²⁷
- Of the nearly 19 million new cases of STDs per year in the United States, almost half are among youth ages 15-24.²⁸ STDs may result in infertility and facilitation of HIV transmission and may have an adverse effect on pregnancy outcomes and maternal and child health.²⁶ Besides abstinence, condom use is currently the most effective means of preventing sexual transmission of HIV and other STDs.²⁹
- Although many lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender adolescents lead happy and healthy lives, others face tremendous challenges to growing up physically and mentally healthy. Compared to heterosexual youth, lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth are at higher risk for depression, tobacco, alcohol and other drug use, suicide, and unhealthy sexual behaviors.³⁰

Body Image

Negative feelings about weight and body image often develop in adolescence. The high school and middle school surveys included questions about weight perception and weight control. The high school survey asked for students' height and weight to calculate body mass index.

- There are more than three times as many overweight children and adolescents in the U.S. than there were in 1980.³¹ Obesity during childhood and adolescence is associated with negative psychological and social consequences and adverse health outcomes, including type 2 diabetes, obstructive sleep apnea, hypertension, dyslipidemia, and metabolic syndrome.³² Overweight and obesity acquired during childhood or adolescence may persist into adulthood.³³ Approximately 400,000 deaths a year in the United States are currently associated with overweight and obesity.²⁰

Nutrition and Physical Activity

Nutritious eating and physical activity are two cornerstones of healthy adolescent development. The high school and middle school surveys asked about breakfast consumption, physical activity, physical education classes, and television, computer, and video game use. The high school survey also asked about consumption of fruits, vegetables, soda, and sugar-sweetened beverages.

- Fruits and vegetables are good sources of complex carbohydrates, vitamins, minerals, and other substances that are important for good health. Dietary patterns with higher intakes of fruits and vegetables are associated with a variety of health benefits, including a decreased risk for some types of cancer.³⁹⁻⁴³
- In recent years, soft drink consumption has significantly increased among children and adolescents. Consumption of sugar-sweetened drinks, including soft drinks, appears to be associated with an increased risk for being overweight in children.⁴⁴⁻⁴⁵
- Regular physical activity builds and maintains healthy bones and muscles, controls weight, builds lean muscle, reduces fat, reduces feelings of depression and anxiety. It also decreases the risk of dying prematurely, dying of heart disease, and developing diabetes, colon cancer, and high blood pressure.⁴⁶ The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services recommends that young people ages 6–17 participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity every day.⁴⁶
- By 12th grade, more than half of female students in the U.S. do not participate in vigorous physical activity regularly. School physical education classes can increase adolescent participation in physical activity and help adolescents develop the knowledge, attitudes, and skills they need to engage in lifelong physical activity.⁴⁷⁻⁵⁰
- Television viewing is the principal sedentary leisure time behavior in the U.S. Studies have shown that television viewing in young people is related to obesity⁵¹ and violent or aggressive behavior.⁵²⁻⁵⁴ Using the computer for fun and playing video games have become increasingly common sedentary leisure time activities among young people as well.

Measures of Youth Assets

Adolescent achievement requires sources of positive influence. The high school and middle school surveys asked about school and community connectivity as well as parental conversations about school. The high school survey asked additional questions about volunteerism and grades earned in school.

- Above-average school performance is one of many developmental assets, or factors promoting positive development. Studies have shown that students who get higher grades in school are less likely to use cigarettes, alcohol, or marijuana, and are more likely to postpone sexual intercourse.⁵⁵
- One of the strongest predictors of students' success in school is the extent to which their parents stay involved with their schoolwork.⁵⁶ A national study of adolescent health found that youth who reported a "connectedness" to their parents/family and school were the least likely to engage in risky behaviors.⁵⁷ Parental expectations regarding school achievement were also associated with lower levels of risk behaviors.⁵⁷
- Research shows that involvement in constructive, supervised extracurricular activities is associated with reduced likelihood of involvement in risky behaviors such as school failure, drug use, and delinquency.⁵⁸ In addition, evidence is emerging that students who participate in such activities are also more likely to engage in other "thriving" behaviors.⁵⁹
- Youth are not simply objects of adult efforts to modify their behaviors. Rather, if given the opportunities, they can make significant contributions to their families, schools, and communities. Adolescents, especially, need to exercise decision-making power in as many settings as is practical, so that they can develop into competent adults. Schools are a natural setting for youth to share in decisions that affect their lives.

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2015 Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey Report

Middle School Report for Grand Isle SU

The Vermont Department of Health would like to acknowledge the work and effort of all the schools, teachers and students who choose to participate in the Youth Risk Behavior Survey each year.

Demographics

Grand Isle
Number of Middle School Students in Grand Isle SU

Grand Isle SU Total

119

Sex	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	2	1%
Female	62	52%
Male	55	46%

Grade	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	2	1%
6th grade	40	33%
7th grade	41	34%
8th grade	36	30%

Age	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	1	0%
11 years or younger	22	18%
12 years	37	31%
13 years	39	32%
14 years or older	20	16%

Race / Ethnicity	Total	%
Not indicated /Missing	23	19%
Ethnic or racial minority	16	13%
White non-Hispanic	80	67%

NOTE: The above numbers are unweighted. They represent the students who took the survey in Grand Isle SU. Not all students indicated their sex or grade, therefore the totals in these tables may not add up to the total number of students in the county or state who participated. All other numbers represented in this report are weighted to reflect the enrolled student population.

Demographics

Vermont
Number of Middle School Students in Vermont

Vermont Total

13648

Sex	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	96	0%
Female	6713	49%
Male	6839	50%

Grade	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	86	0%
6th grade	2899	21%
7th grade	5337	39%
8th grade	5326	39%

Age	Total	%
Not indicated / Missing	63	.
11 years or younger	1445	10%
12 years	3983	29%
13 years	5240	38%
14 years or older	2917	21%

Race / Ethnicity	Total	%
Not indicated /Missing	926	6%
Ethnic or racial minority	2357	17%
White non-Hispanic	10365	75%

NOTE: The above numbers are unweighted. They represent the students who took the survey in Vermont. All other numbers represented in this report are weighted to reflect the enrolled student population.

*1 Personal Safety***1.01 Percent of students who have ever been in a physical fight**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	42%	Too few students
	7th	.	41%	Too few students
	8th	.	44%	Too few students
Sex	Female	25%	28%	
	Male	42%	57%	SU/SD statistically lower
Total		33%	43%	SU/SD statistically lower

1.02 Percent of students who were bullied at least once, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	24%	Too few students
	7th	.	25%	Too few students
	8th	.	22%	Too few students
Sex	Female	39%	30%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	8%	18%	SU/SD statistically lower
Total		24%	24%	

NOTE: For the purposes of the Vermont YRBS, bullying was described as occurring when, on many occasions, a student or group of students say or do unpleasant things to another student to make fun of, tease, embarrass, or scare him/her, or purposefully exclude him/her. Bullying can occur before, during, or after the school day; on school property; on a school bus; or at a school-sponsored activity. It is not bullying when two students of about the same strength and power argue or fight or when teasing is done in a friendly way. Electronic bullying occurs through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, Web sites, or texting.

*1 Personal Safety***1.03 Percent of students who reported they had ever been electronically bullied**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	21%	Too few students
	7th	.	26%	Too few students
	8th	.	28%	Too few students
Sex	Female	38%	36%	
	Male	.	16%	Too few students
Total		22%	26%	

1.04 Percent of students who were ever bullied at school

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	46%	Too few students
	7th	.	48%	Too few students
	8th	.	45%	Too few students
Sex	Female	68%	53%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	36%	40%	
Total		53%	46%	SU/SD statistically higher

1.05 Percent of students who bullied someone at least once, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	8%	Too few students
	7th	.	9%	Too few students
	8th	.	11%	Too few students
Sex	Female	20%	10%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	.	9%	Too few students
Total		14%	10%	SU/SD statistically higher

*1 Personal Safety***1.06 Percent of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe, past 30 days**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	8%	Too few students
	7th	.	7%	Too few students
	8th	.	7%	Too few students
Sex	Female	11%	9%	
	Male	.	6%	Too few students
Total		6%	7%	

1.07 Percent of students who felt so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that they stopped doing some usual activities, past 12 months

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	17%	Too few students
	7th	.	19%	Too few students
	8th	.	22%	Too few students
Sex	Female	24%	27%	
	Male	.	13%	Too few students
Total		16%	20%	

1.08 Percent of students who ever seriously thought about suicide

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	14%	Too few students
	7th	.	16%	Too few students
	8th	.	22%	Too few students
Sex	Female	33%	23%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	9%	12%	
Total		22%	18%	

*1 Personal Safety***1.09 Percent of students who ever made a suicide plan**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	9%	Too few students
	7th	.	11%	Too few students
	8th	.	15%	Too few students
Sex	Female	23%	16%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	.	8%	Too few students
Total		12%	12%	

1.10 Percent of students who ever attempted suicide

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	5%	Too few students
	7th	.	5%	Too few students
	8th	.	8%	Too few students
Sex	Female	10%	8%	
	Male	.	3%	Too few students
Total		5%	6%	

1.11 Percent of students who had at least one sunburn in the past 12 months

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	51%	Too few students
	7th	.	55%	Too few students
	8th	.	56%	Too few students
Sex	Female	63%	58%	
	Male	47%	51%	
Total		55%	54%	

*1 Personal Safety***1.12 Bicycle helmet use among those who rode a bicycle in the past 12 months**

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	26%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	15%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	59%	Too few students

	7th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	31%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	16%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	52%	Too few students

	8th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	41%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	15%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	43%	Too few students

Sex	Female	Never / rarely wear a helmet	30%	31%	
		Sometimes wear a helmet	22%	17%	
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	47%	52%	

	Male	Never / rarely wear a helmet	30%	36%	
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	14%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	61%	49%	SU/SD statistically higher

Total		Never / rarely wear a helmet	31%	34%	
		Sometimes wear a helmet	15%	16%	
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	53%	51%	

*1 Personal Safety***1.13 Helmet use while rollerblading or skateboarding (of those students who rollerbladed or skateboarded)**

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	31%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	11%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	58%	Too few students

	7th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	42%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	13%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	45%	Too few students

	8th	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	52%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	12%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	36%	Too few students

Sex	Female	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	45%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	13%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	43%	Too few students

	Male	Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	41%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	12%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	47%	Too few students

Total		Never / rarely wear a helmet	.	43%	Too few students
		Sometimes wear a helmet	.	12%	Too few students
		Most of the time / always wear a helmet	.	45%	Too few students

*1 Personal Safety***1.14 Percent of students who reported never or rarely wearing a seatbelt while riding in a car**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	3%	Too few students
	8th	.	4%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	2%	Too few students
	Male	.	3%	Too few students
Total		.	3%	Too few students

1.15 Percent of students who ever rode in a car driven by someone who had been drinking

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	15%	Too few students
	7th	.	19%	Too few students
	8th	.	25%	Too few students
Sex	Female	20%	21%	
	Male	19%	19%	
Total		20%	20%	

2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

2.01 Percent of students who ever drank alcohol other than a few sips

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	10%	Too few students
	7th	.	15%	Too few students
	8th	.	24%	Too few students
Sex	Female	20%	16%	
	Male	22%	18%	
Total		20%	17%	

2.02 Percent of students who drank alcohol other than a few sips before age 11

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	7%	Too few students
	7th	.	6%	Too few students
	8th	.	6%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	5%	Too few students
	Male	8%	8%	
Total		5%	6%	

2.03 Percent of students who drank any alcohol, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	3%	Too few students
	7th	.	5%	Too few students
	8th	.	10%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	6%	Too few students
	Male	.	7%	Too few students
Total		6%	6%	

2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

2.04 Percent of students who binge drank (5 or more alcoholic drinks in a row), past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	1%	Too few students
	8th	.	4%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	2%	Too few students
	Male	.	2%	Too few students
Total		.	2%	Too few students

2.05 Percent of students who ever tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	4%	Too few students
	7th	.	7%	Too few students
	8th	.	13%	Too few students
Sex	Female	14%	9%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	.	9%	Too few students
Total		10%	9%	

2.06 Percent of students who ever smoked a whole cigarette

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	4%	Too few students
	8th	.	8%	Too few students
Sex	Female	9%	5%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	.	5%	Too few students
Total		4%	5%	

*2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use***2.07 Percent of students who smoked a whole cigarette by age 11**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	1%	Too few students
	8th	.	2%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	1%	Too few students
	Male	.	2%	Too few students
Total		.	1%	Too few students

2.08 Percent of students who smoked cigarettes, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	2%	Too few students
	8th	.	3%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	2%	Too few students
	Male	.	2%	Too few students
Total		.	2%	Too few students

2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

2.09 Percent of students who ever used electronic vapor products such as e-cigarettes

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	3%	Too few students
	7th	.	6%	Too few students
	8th	.	11%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	7%	Too few students
	Male	.	7%	Too few students
Total		.	7%	Too few students

2.10 Percent of students who used electronic vapor products such as e-cigarettes during the past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	2%	Too few students
	8th	.	5%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	3%	Too few students
	Male	.	3%	Too few students
Total		.	3%	Too few students

2.11 Percent of students who used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	1%	Too few students
	8th	.	3%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	1%	Too few students
	Male	.	3%	Too few students
Total		.	2%	Too few students

2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

2.12 Percent of students who smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	1%	Too few students
	8th	.	2%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	1%	Too few students
	Male	.	2%	Too few students
Total		.	2%	Too few students

2.13 Percent of students who used a tobacco product such as cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, or cigars, in the past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	3%	Too few students
	8th	.	6%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	3%	Too few students
	Male	.	4%	Too few students
Total		4%	4%	

2.14 Percent of students who used any tobacco products including e-cigarettes in the past 30 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	3%	Too few students
	7th	.	4%	Too few students
	8th	.	8%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	5%	Too few students
	Male	.	6%	Too few students
Total		5%	5%	

2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

2.15 Percent of smokers who attempted to quit smoking, past 12 months

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	.	Too few students
	7th	.	58%	Too few students
	8th	.	45%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	48%	Too few students
	Male	.	47%	Too few students
Total		.	48%	Too few students

2.16 Percent of students who have ever used marijuana

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	5%	Too few students
	8th	.	11%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	6%	Too few students
	Male	.	7%	Too few students
Total		5%	7%	

2.17 Percent of students who used marijuana by age 11

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	1%	Too few students
	8th	.	2%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	1%	Too few students
	Male	.	2%	Too few students
Total		.	1%	Too few students

*2 Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use***2.18 Percent of students who used marijuana, past 30 days**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	1%	Too few students
	7th	.	3%	Too few students
	8th	.	6%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	3%	Too few students
	Male	.	4%	Too few students
Total		.	4%	Too few students

2.19 Percent of students who have ever used inhalants

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	5%	Too few students
	7th	.	4%	Too few students
	8th	.	6%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	5%	Too few students
	Male	.	5%	Too few students
Total		.	5%	Too few students

2.20 Percent of students who ever took a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	3%	Too few students
	8th	.	4%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	3%	Too few students
	Male	.	3%	Too few students
Total		.	3%	Too few students

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use _____

3.01 Percent of students who were in the same room with someone who was smoking cigarettes, past 7 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	24%	Too few students
	7th	.	28%	Too few students
	8th	.	31%	Too few students
Sex	Female	37%	29%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	40%	27%	SU/SD statistically higher
Total		38%	28%	SU/SD statistically higher

3.02 Percent of students who were in the same car with someone who was smoking cigarettes, past 7 days

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	17%	Too few students
	7th	.	20%	Too few students
	8th	.	23%	Too few students
Sex	Female	34%	22%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	23%	19%	
Total		29%	21%	SU/SD statistically higher

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use _____

3.03 Percent of students who, always or most of the time saw advertisements for tobacco products at supermarkets or gas stations

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	47%	Too few students
	7th	.	52%	Too few students
	8th	.	55%	Too few students
Sex	Female	51%	52%	
	Male	45%	52%	
Total		48%	52%	

3.04 Percent of students who, in the past 12 months, were asked if they smoke by a health professional

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	15%	Too few students
	7th	.	26%	Too few students
	8th	.	35%	Too few students
Sex	Female	20%	28%	SU/SD statistically lower
	Male	.	26%	Too few students
Total		19%	27%	SU/SD statistically lower

3.05 Students perceptions about out of 100 Vermont high school students the number who smoke cigarettes

	Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
15 or less students	21%	16%	SU/SD statistically higher
16 to 25 students	33%	25%	SU/SD statistically higher
26 to 45 students	21%	24%	
46 to 55 students	14%	16%	
56 to 75 students	5%	9%	SU/SD statistically lower
76 or more students	7%	10%	

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use

3.06 Percent of students who think their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong for them to smoke cigarettes

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	96%	Too few students
	7th	.	96%	Too few students
	8th	.	96%	Too few students
Sex	Female	98%	97%	
	Male	99%	96%	
Total		98%	96%	SU/SD statistically higher

3.07 Percent of students who think their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong for them to drink alcohol

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	92%	Too few students
	7th	.	92%	Too few students
	8th	.	90%	Too few students
Sex	Female	88%	93%	SU/SD statistically lower
	Male	98%	90%	SU/SD statistically higher
Total		93%	91%	

3.08 Percent of students who think their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong for them to smoke marijuana

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	96%	Too few students
	7th	.	95%	Too few students
	8th	.	92%	Too few students
Sex	Female	95%	94%	
	Male	96%	94%	
Total		96%	94%	

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use _____

3.09 Percent of students who think it would be wrong or very wrong for someone their age to smoke cigarettes

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	97%	Too few students
	7th	.	95%	Too few students
	8th	.	92%	Too few students
Sex	Female	90%	95%	SU/SD statistically lower
	Male	96%	94%	
Total		92%	94%	

3.10 Percent of students who think it would be wrong or very wrong for someone their age to drink alcohol

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	94%	Too few students
	7th	.	90%	Too few students
	8th	.	83%	Too few students
Sex	Female	84%	90%	SU/SD statistically lower
	Male	90%	87%	
Total		86%	88%	

3.11 Percent of students who think it would be wrong or very wrong for someone their age to smoke marijuana

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	97%	Too few students
	7th	.	92%	Too few students
	8th	.	83%	Too few students
Sex	Female	95%	91%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	91%	89%	
Total		93%	90%	SU/SD statistically higher

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use

3.12 Percent of students who think people their age greatly risk harming themselves if they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes a day

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	70%	Too few students
	7th	.	72%	Too few students
	8th	.	72%	Too few students
Sex	Female	60%	71%	SU/SD statistically lower
	Male	78%	72%	
Total		70%	71%	

3.13 Percent of students who think that people their age greatly risk harming themselves if they have five or more drinks of alcohol once or twice each weekend

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	49%	Too few students
	7th	.	49%	Too few students
	8th	.	46%	Too few students
Sex	Female	49%	49%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	58%	46%	
Total		53%	48%	

3.14 Percent of students who think that people their age greatly risk harming themselves if they smoke marijuana regularly

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	67%	Too few students
	7th	.	61%	Too few students
	8th	.	51%	Too few students
Sex	Female	67%	60%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	65%	58%	
Total		67%	59%	

3 Attitudes and Perceptions of Alcohol, Cigarette, and Other Drug Use _____

3.15 Percent of students who report that it would be easy or very easy to get cigarettes

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	18%	Too few students
	7th	.	24%	Too few students
	8th	.	34%	Too few students
Sex	Female	24%	25%	
	Male	29%	29%	
Total		28%	27%	

3.16 Percent of students who report that it would be easy or very easy to get alcohol

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	24%	Too few students
	7th	.	33%	Too few students
	8th	.	46%	Too few students
Sex	Female	42%	35%	
	Male	40%	37%	
Total		42%	36%	SU/SD statistically higher

3.17 Percent of students who report that it would be easy or very easy to get marijuana

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	6%	Too few students
	7th	.	12%	Too few students
	8th	.	22%	Too few students
Sex	Female	12%	13%	
	Male	15%	16%	
Total		13%	14%	

4 Sexual Behavior

4.01 Percent of students who have ever had sexual intercourse

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	3%	Too few students
	7th	.	4%	Too few students
	8th	.	8%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	4%	Too few students
	Male	9%	7%	
Total		7%	6%	

4.02 Percent of students who have ever had oral sex

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	2%	Too few students
	7th	.	3%	Too few students
	8th	.	9%	Too few students
Sex	Female	.	5%	Too few students
	Male	10%	6%	
Total		8%	5%	SU/SD statistically higher

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.01 Number of times during the past 7 days students ate breakfast

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	Never	.	4%	Too few students
		1 to 3 times	.	13%	Too few students
		4 to 6 times	.	22%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	61%	Too few students

	7th	Never	.	7%	Too few students
		1 to 3 times	.	16%	Too few students
		4 to 6 times	.	25%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	51%	Too few students

	8th	Never	.	8%	Too few students
		1 to 3 times	.	20%	Too few students
		4 to 6 times	.	25%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	48%	Too few students

Sex	Female	Never	.	8%	Too few students
		1 to 3 times	28%	21%	SU/SD statistically higher
		4 to 6 times	20%	26%	
		Everyday	46%	45%	

	Male	Never	.	6%	Too few students
		1 to 3 times	11%	13%	
		4 to 6 times	26%	23%	
		Everyday	55%	59%	

Total	Never		7%	7%	
	1 to 3 times		19%	17%	
	4 to 6 times		23%	24%	
	Everyday		51%	52%	

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.02 Percent of students who reported drinking at least four bottles or glasses of water a day

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	45%	Too few students
	7th	.	41%	Too few students
	8th	.	39%	Too few students
Sex	Female	54%	38%	SU/SD statistically higher
	Male	32%	44%	SU/SD statistically lower
Total		43%	41%	

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.03 Number of days students participated in at least 60 minutes of physical activity in the past 7 days

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	Never	.	8%	Too few students
		1 to 4 days	.	32%	Too few students
		5 to 6 days	.	27%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	33%	Too few students

	7th	Never	.	7%	Too few students
		1 to 4 days	.	34%	Too few students
		5 to 6 days	.	28%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	31%	Too few students

	8th	Never	.	8%	Too few students
		1 to 4 days	.	36%	Too few students
		5 to 6 days	.	27%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	29%	Too few students

Sex	Female	Never	.	8%	Too few students
		1 to 4 days	33%	39%	
		5 to 6 days	28%	30%	
		Everyday	31%	23%	SU/SD statistically higher

	Male	Never	13%	8%	SU/SD statistically higher
		1 to 4 days	31%	29%	
		5 to 6 days	25%	25%	
		Everyday	30%	38%	

Total	Never		10%	8%	
	1 to 4 days		32%	34%	
	5 to 6 days		27%	27%	
	Everyday		31%	31%	

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.04 Number of times students participated in physical activity breaks outside of physical education courses in an average school week

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	0 days	.	18%	Too few students
		1 to 2 days	.	15%	Too few students
		3 to 4 days	.	19%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	48%	Too few students

	7th	0 days	.	30%	Too few students
		1 to 2 days	.	17%	Too few students
		3 to 4 days	.	17%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	36%	Too few students

	8th	0 days	.	33%	Too few students
		1 to 2 days	.	16%	Too few students
		3 to 4 days	.	16%	Too few students
		Everyday	.	35%	Too few students

Sex	Female	0 days	8%	28%	SU/SD statistically lower
		1 to 2 days	28%	18%	SU/SD statistically higher
		3 to 4 days	23%	17%	SU/SD statistically higher
		Everyday	41%	38%	

	Male	0 days	15%	28%	SU/SD statistically lower
		1 to 2 days	21%	15%	SU/SD statistically higher
		3 to 4 days	15%	17%	
		Everyday	48%	40%	SU/SD statistically higher

Total		0 days	11%	28%	SU/SD statistically lower
		1 to 2 days	25%	16%	SU/SD statistically higher
		3 to 4 days	20%	17%	
		Everyday	44%	39%	

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.05 Number of hours spent watching TV on an average school day

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	1 hour or less per day	.	60%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	34%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	6%	Too few students

	7th	1 hour or less per day	.	57%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	37%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	6%	Too few students

	8th	1 hour or less per day	.	57%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	37%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	7%	Too few students

Sex	Female	1 hour or less per day	49%	57%	SU/SD statistically lower
		2 to 4 hours per day	48%	37%	SU/SD statistically higher
		5 or more hours per day	.	6%	Too few students

	Male	1 hour or less per day	64%	58%	
		2 to 4 hours per day	32%	35%	
		5 or more hours per day	.	7%	Too few students

Total		1 hour or less per day	57%	58%	
		2 to 4 hours per day	39%	36%	
		5 or more hours per day	.	6%	Too few students

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.06 Number of hours spent playing video games or going online for something not related to school, on an average school day

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	1 hour or less per day	.	55%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	33%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	12%	Too few students

	7th	1 hour or less per day	.	46%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	40%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	14%	Too few students

	8th	1 hour or less per day	.	40%	Too few students
		2 to 4 hours per day	.	41%	Too few students
		5 or more hours per day	.	19%	Too few students

Sex	Female	1 hour or less per day	49%	48%	
		2 to 4 hours per day	35%	37%	
		5 or more hours per day	17%	15%	

	Male	1 hour or less per day	63%	44%	SU/SD statistically higher
		2 to 4 hours per day	22%	41%	SU/SD statistically lower
		5 or more hours per day	15%	15%	

Total		1 hour or less per day	55%	46%	SU/SD statistically higher
		2 to 4 hours per day	29%	39%	SU/SD statistically lower
		5 or more hours per day	16%	15%	

5 Nutrition and Physical Activity

5.07 Number of days in the average week students went online for something not school-related

			Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	Never	.	22%	Too few students
		1 to 5 days	.	45%	Too few students
		At least six days	.	33%	Too few students

	7th	Never	.	16%	Too few students
		1 to 5 days	.	41%	Too few students
		At least six days	.	42%	Too few students

	8th	Never	.	11%	Too few students
		1 to 5 days	.	34%	Too few students
		At least six days	.	55%	Too few students

Sex	Female	Never	11%	13%	
		1 to 5 days	42%	41%	
		At least six days	47%	46%	

	Male	Never	24%	18%	
		1 to 5 days	41%	38%	
		At least six days	35%	44%	SU/SD statistically lower

Total	Never		17%	15%	
	1 to 5 days		43%	39%	
	At least six days		40%	45%	

*6 Youth Assets***6.01 Percent of students who talk to their parents about school at least weekly**

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	81%	Too few students
	7th	.	80%	Too few students
	8th	.	78%	Too few students
Sex	Female	80%	80%	
	Male	83%	79%	
Total		81%	79%	

6.02 Percent of students who agree or strongly agree that 'in your community you feel like you matter to people'

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	60%	Too few students
	7th	.	56%	Too few students
	8th	.	51%	Too few students
Sex	Female	57%	50%	
	Male	60%	59%	
Total		58%	55%	

6 Youth Assets

6.03 Percent of students who agree or strongly agree that their teachers really care about them and give them a lot of encouragement

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	69%	Too few students
	7th	.	62%	Too few students
	8th	.	59%	Too few students
Sex	Female	60%	62%	
	Male	65%	64%	
Total		62%	63%	

6.04 Percent of students who agree or strongly agree that students help decide what goes on in school

		Grand Isle	Vermont	Notes
Grade	6th	.	45%	Too few students
	7th	.	44%	Too few students
	8th	.	39%	Too few students
Sex	Female	36%	42%	
	Male	37%	43%	
Total		35%	43%	SU/SD statistically lower