

PREVENTION WORKS!

CHILDREN LIVING IN STRESSFUL ENVIRONMENTS: A RESOURCE KIT

IX. Selected Web-Based Resources on Prevention

Federal Resources in Substance Abuse Prevention

The Links area of the *Prevention Works!* Web site has direct links to the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA's) resources in substance abuse prevention and to some other key Federal resources. The address for this site is <http://pw4nnp.net>. However, this online resource is password protected and for the use of current National Prevention Network (NPN) members *only*.

Several pages of the December 2006 *Prevention Works! Prevention Handbook* describe in further detail the following resources on substance abuse prevention. The resources below have been adapted from those pages.

SAMHSA Resources

Addiction Technology Transfer Centers (ATTC)

www.nattc.org

The Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) ATTC is a nationwide, multidisciplinary resource for the treatment field that draws upon the knowledge, experience, and latest work of recognized experts in the addictions field.

Co-Occurring Center for Excellence (COCE)

<http://coce.samhsa.gov/>

COCE provides the technical, informational, and training resources needed for the dissemination of knowledge and the adoption of evidence-based practices in systems and programs that serve persons with co-occurring disorders. CSAT and the Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) are SAMHSA's lead agencies for this initiative.

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Center for Excellence

www.fascenter.samhsa.gov/

The mission of the FASD Center for Excellence is to facilitate the development and improvement of prevention, treatment, and care systems in the United States by providing national leadership and facilitating collaboration in the field.

National Centers for the Application of Prevention Technologies (CAPTs)

<http://captus.samhsa.gov>

The National Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) CAPT Web site provides links to each of the individual Centers that make up the system: Northeast, Central, Western, Southeast, and Southwest.

National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information (NCADI)

www.ncadi.samhsa.gov

A component of SAMHSA's Health Information Network (SHIN), NCADI provides the Nation with a one-stop resource for substance abuse prevention and treatment information. The NCADI information services department responds to alcohol and substance abuse information requests via telephone, e-mail, postal mail, TDD, and fax.

Contact information for NCADI is as follows:

800-729-6686

877-SAMHSA-7

TDD: 800-487-4889

Español: 877-767-8432

National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practices

www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/

"NREPP is a searchable database of interventions for the prevention and treatment of mental and substance use disorders." NREPP publishes intervention summaries on their Web site for every intervention it reviews. All NREPP intervention summaries can be accessed through the [Find Interventions](#) page.

Older Americans Substance Abuse and Mental Health Technical Assistance Center

www.samhsa.gov/OlderAdultsTAC/index.aspx

Through partnerships with State and Federal agencies and community health care providers, the Center serves as a national repository to disseminate information, training, and direct assistance in the prevention and early intervention of substance abuse and mental health problems.

Other SAMHSA Online Resources

Many of SAMHSA's growing lists of publications and online resources developed to assist States and their communities in the design, implementation, and evaluation of substance abuse prevention are referenced throughout this handbook. All of them can be located through the SAMHSA Web site homepage, and many are available on the CSAP Web site at www.prevention.samhsa.gov. Following is a partial listing of contents available through www.samhsa.gov that prevention planners and practitioners are likely to use on a regular basis:

Building Blocks for a Healthy Future

<http://bblocks.samhsa.gov>

Family Guide To Keeping Youth Mentally Healthy & Drug Free

www.family.samhsa.gov

Prevention Pathways

<http://preventionpathways.samhsa.gov/>

Prevention Platform

<http://preventionplatform.samhsa.gov/>

Reach Out Now National Teach-In

www.teachin.samhsa.gov

Too Smart To Start

www.toosmarttostart.samhsa.gov

Underage Alcohol Prevention Initiative Web Portal

www.stopalcoholabuse.gov

The following online course, available at the Prevention Platform site, deserves a special note:

Foundations of Prevention Online

<https://preventionplatform.samhsa.gov/fop/index.cfm?CFID=172156&CFTOKEN=25512330>

Foundations of Prevention: An Online Course in the Core Knowledge of Substance Abuse Prevention consists of eight instructional units broken up into separate learning modules. The course is self-paced and available 24 hours a day. Tests are scored immediately so users know how well they are doing and when they need to review.

Other Federal Agencies and Resources

Note: These are listed alphabetically by agency acronym.

CDC—Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

www.cdc.gov

CDC focuses on public health efforts to prevent and control infectious diseases, injuries, hazards in the workplace, and environmental threats to health. Its Web site homepage is a first step toward CDC's many online resources, including many that address substance abuse and related topics.

NCHM—National Center for Health Marketing

www.cdc.gov/healthmarketing

NCHM helps define the future of health marketing within CDC, the Federal sector, and beyond.

NCHSTP—National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention, Divisions of HIV/AIDS Prevention

www.cdc.gov/nchstp/od/nchstp.html

As the Federal Government's lead agency in combating HIV/AIDS, CDC is a source of extensive data, public education material, and prevention information accessible through numerous links on its Web site. Statistics and prevention measures relating to HIV/AIDS risks and prevalence among drug users are included.

OSH—Office on Smoking and Health

www.cdc.gov/nccdphp

OSH is a division within the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, one of the CDC centers. The CDC OSH Web site, www.cdc.gov/tobacco, contains numerous resources such as Taking Action Against Secondhand Smoke—An Online Toolkit, CAPS—Community Actions and Practices, and National Tobacco Control Program (NTCP) State Exchange.

DoEd—U.S. Department of Education

www.ed.gov

DoEd is responsible for numerous activities relating to substance abuse prevention.

The following two important DoEd programs are directly involved in substance abuse prevention:

HEC—Higher Education Center for Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse and Violence Prevention

www.edc.org/hec

Funded by DoEd, HEC provides support to all institutions of higher education in their efforts to address alcohol and illicit drug problems. HEC provides technical assistance, develops publications, and conducts training workshops.

OSDFS—Office of Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program

www.ed.gov/offices/OESE/SDFS

OSDFS administers, coordinates, and recommends policy for improving quality and excellence of programs and activities to prevent violence and substance abuse. The Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program is the Federal Government’s primary vehicle for reducing alcohol, tobacco, illicit drug use, and violence through education and prevention activities in our Nation’s schools.

For the latest information on Safe and Drug-Free Schools programs and funding opportunities, visit www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osdfs/programs.html.

HHS—U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

www.hhs.gov

HHS/U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)—Dietary Guidelines for Americans

www.healthierus.gov/dietaryguidelines

Dietary Guidelines for Americans has been published jointly every 5 years since 1980 by HHS and the USDA. Of interest to those engaged in efforts to prevent alcohol abuse and alcohol-related problems are the Chapter 9 guidelines for alcohol consumption, which constitute a de facto “official” definition of moderate or responsible alcohol use.

HP2010—*Healthy People 2010*

www.healthypeople.gov

HP2010 is published by the Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (ODPHP), HHS. The report states two overall goals: to increase quality and years of healthy life and to eliminate health disparities. These are supported by 467 objectives organized within 28 main focus areas, each identifying an overall goal. Twenty-five objectives in Section 26, Substance Abuse, address alcohol and illicit drugs. Tobacco Use, covered in Section 27, offers 21 objectives regarding all tobacco products. However, other topics addressed in HP2010 have direct bearing on substance abuse prevention as well.

DOJ—U.S. Department of Justice

www.usdoj.gov

DEA—Drug Enforcement Administration

www.dea.gov

DEA enforces the Nation's controlled substances laws and regulations. It also recommends and supports non-enforcement programs aimed at reducing the availability of illicit controlled substances. DEA has 227 domestic offices located in every State and in Puerto Rico. Demand Reduction is one of the agency's key programs. DEA field office personnel frequently collaborate with States and communities in drug education and prevention activities.

NCJRS—National Criminal Justice Reference Service

www.ncjrs.gov

DOJ's NCJRS has many types of information about substance abuse and its relationship to crime and violence. The NCJRS site's Crime Prevention area has sections of online publications grouped by specific illicit (e.g., methamphetamine) and legal (e.g., alcohol) substances, as well as under "Substance Abuse Indicators," "Testing," and "Treatment." The site provides collections of other publications on subjects such as risk factors and community responses, all within the broader context of criminal justice concerns.

NIJ—National Institute of Justice

www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij

The Department's NIJ is its research, development, and evaluation agency. The 2006 *Drug Courts: The Second Decade* is among several useful publications available from NIJ's Web site.

OJJDP—Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

<http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/index.html>

OJJDP, a component of the Office of Justice Programs, DOJ, supports States, communities, and tribal jurisdictions in their efforts to develop and implement effective programs for juveniles. OJJDP sponsors research, program, and training initiatives; develops priorities and goals and sets policies to guide Federal juvenile justice issues; disseminates information about juvenile justice issues; and awards funds to States to support local programming nationwide.

OJP—Office of Justice Programs

www.ojp.usdoj.gov/programs/substance.htm

The Substance Abuse and Crime section of the OJP Web site contains many resources, including training and technical assistance opportunities.

OJP—BJS—Office of Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Statistics

www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/drugs.htm

Statistics on drugs and crime are summarized and detailed data are offered on the BJS Web site.

DOT's NHTSA—U.S. Department of Transportation's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

www.nhtsa.dot.gov

The NHTSA Office of Traffic Safety Programs provides leadership in the prevention of alcohol- and drug-impaired driving and sponsors public education campaigns on the issue. Within the Office of Traffic Safety Programs, NHTSA's Impaired Driving (Drugs and Alcohol) Safety Program collaborates with partners to prevent deaths, injuries, and economic loss due to alcohol- and drug-related highway crashes. A series of downloadable Stop Impaired Drivers Planners linked to various holidays and celebrations throughout the calendar year are archived at www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/injury/alcohol/StopImpaired/PlannersArchive/ArchivePlanners.htm.

DOT—Blood Alcohol Concentration, State, and Federal Law

www.nhtsa.dot.gov/nhtsa/whatis/bb/2007/pages/NHTSAPerfMeas.htm

It is illegal per se for drivers to operate motor vehicles when they have blood alcohol concentrations (BACs) at or above a specified level in the United States. The customary level in most States was .10 BAC for drivers aged 21 and above. In a 1992 report to Congress, NHTSA recommended that all States lower their illegal per se level to .08 for all drivers 21 years of age and older. As of August 2005, all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico have set .08 BAC as the maximum level for drivers.

NHTSA—see DOT

ONDCP—White House Office of National Drug Control Policy

www.ondcp.gov

ONDCP was established by the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 within the executive office of the President to set policies, priorities, and objectives for the Nation's drug control program. ONDCP's goals are to reduce illicit drug use, manufacturing and trafficking, drug-related crime and violence, and drug-related health consequences.

The Prevention section of ONDCP's site (www.ondcp.gov/prevent/index.html) offers information about ONDCP support programs, prevention strategies, prevention principles, research and evaluation, publications, and other resources.

National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign

www.mediacampaign.org

In 1998, ONDCP created the National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign, a multidimensional effort designed to educate and empower youth to reject illicit drugs. The campaign's primary Web site contains the history of the campaign since its inception. Links to other resources and to other ONDCP-sponsored sites also are provided, as well as sites for parents and for teens.

National Resources

Numerous national private sector, not-for-profit organizations offer resources and collaboration in substance abuse prevention. It would not be possible to list all of them in the space available here, nor is this selection intended to imply that those included are recommended any more than others that are not. Brief descriptions of a few of these organizations and their Web site addresses are listed below, as well as some online lists of links to similar groups and of community-based coalitions active in substance abuse prevention.

Note: Because of its unique leadership role in the Nation's substance abuse prevention efforts, detailed information about NPN appears separately in the first section of this document.

American Legacy Foundation (Legacy)

www.americanlegacy.org

Legacy works with others who are interested in decreasing the use of tobacco by Americans. Among Legacy's top priorities are to reduce tobacco use by young people and support programs that help people quit smoking. Legacy also works to limit people's exposure to secondhand smoke. Legacy has a national grants program; provides support for State and local tobacco prevention, education, and cessation programs; and funds small organizations or individuals for innovative ideas that might foster future programs to reduce tobacco use.

Legacy also has a research and evaluation program that is charged to fund studies and publish reports on tobacco prevention matters, including the factors that influence youth tobacco use.

Legacy supports the Tobacco Technical Assistance Consortium (TTAC) to help develop and evaluate new tobacco prevention programs and provide technical support.

American Public Health Association (APHA)—Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs Section

www.hhd.org/apha

The site offers downloadable newsletters, each year's program for the ATOD Section at the APHA Convention, and a "Leadership Directory" of e-mail links to active members of the ATOD Section.

Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids

www.tobaccofreekids.org

The Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids is the largest nongovernmental initiative to protect children from tobacco addiction. This site provides recent news, information, and links to sites with research data online.

Center for Science in the Public Interest (CSPI)

www.cspinet.org

CSPI's Alcohol Policy Project addresses a range of issues related to underage drinking and alcohol abuse. This area of the CSPI Web site (www.cspinet.org/alcohol/index.html) archives the Project's alerts, news releases, fact sheets, and other resources helpful to those engaged in environmental alcohol prevention.

College and Universities

DoEd's HEC's Web site: What Campuses and Communities Are Doing

www.higheredcenter.org/ideasamplers/

This section includes links to colleges and universities providing various types of substance abuse programs and services, grouped within categories.

Center for Substance Abuse Research (CESAR)

www.cesar.umd.edu

CESAR is a research center within the College of Behavioral and Social Sciences, University of Maryland, College Park. CESAR provides three primary information services:

- The weekly CESAR Fax provides a one-page overview of a timely substance abuse topic.
- The CESAR Web site, www.cesar.umd.edu, provides substance abuse-related information.
- The CESAR library serves as an information clearinghouse on substance abuse and related topics.

Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America (CADCA)

<http://cadca.org>

CADCA supports its members with technical assistance and training, public policy, media strategies and marketing programs, conferences, and special events. CADCA partners with a number of significant private and public organizations. Annually, CADCA hosts a National Leadership Forum, usually in February, and it is the Nation's largest training conference for community coalition activists and substance abuse professionals. Since 2005, CSAP has sponsored Community Prevention Day, which is held prior to the beginning of the Forum.

Drug Strategies

www.drugstrategies.org

“Drug Strategies promotes more effective approaches to the Nation's drug problems and supports private and public efforts to reduce the demand for drugs through prevention, education, treatment, law enforcement, and community initiatives.” The group has issued numerous reports assessing the effectiveness of various public and private substance abuse prevention efforts.

Elks Drug Awareness Resource Center

www.elks.org/drugs

In addition to sponsoring seminars, workshops, and drug-free functions, the organization has printed and distributed literature developed by authorities on drug awareness. In 2006, the Elks collaborated with SAMHSA (serving as a content consultant) and Marvel Entertainment, Inc. on the comic book, *Spiderman and the Fabulous Four in Hard Choices*. This comic book features Marvel superheroes and Elroy the Elk in a battle against underage drinking.

Employee Assistance Professionals Association (EAPA)

www.eap-association.com

EAPA represents more than 5,000 individuals around the globe who have an interest in employee assistance. Links to EAPA chapters in several communities are included on the EAPA Web site. EAPA publications on a wide variety of employee assistance-related topics can be ordered from the site as well.

Employee Assistance Society of North America (EASNA)

www.easna.org

EASNA's Employee Assistance Professionals accreditation program, membership services, and professional training opportunities promote standards of employee assistance practices. Information about EASNA's *Journal of Workplace Behavioral Health*, briefs, and a monthly trend report are among the group's publications accessible through their Web site.

FACE[®] Initiative

www.faceproject.org

FACE[®] is a national nonprofit organization focused on alcohol issues. It works in media development and training for the reduction of alcohol-related problems. In 1989, FACE[®] stood

for Facing Alcohol Concerns through Education but it no longer uses a full name. FACE® offers trainings and products, including full-color bookmarks, posters, and cards.

Join Together

www.jointogether.org

Join Together is a project of the Boston University School of Public Health, funded by grants from The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and others to help community-based policy, prevention, and treatment efforts in substance abuse and violence. Its Web site contains numerous resources of use to substance abuse prevention interests, and Join Together Online (JTO) offers a variety of services and information products. Among these is its popular JTO Direct subscription service, through which subscribers receive daily news summaries via e-mail.

Leadership to Keep Children Alcohol-Free

www.alcoholfreechildren.org

Leadership is a coalition of Governor's spouses and public and private organizations. The group's purpose is to prevent alcohol use by children between ages 9 and 15.

Marin Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Other Drug Problems

www.marininstitute.org

This policy-focused advocacy organization offers training and publications primarily concerned with alcohol marketing practices and counter strategies and works closely with the World Health Organization and other groups to promote environmental prevention.

Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD)

www.madd.org

MADD was founded by a group of California mothers in 1980 to "look for effective solutions to drunk driving and underage drinking problems, while supporting those who have already experienced the pain of these senseless crimes." State and local MADD chapters are accessible via the national organization's Web site.

National Alliance for Hispanic Health

www.hispanichealth.org

The Alliance operates an HIV/AIDS Community Technical Assistance program funded by CDC and *Nuestras Voces*, a Hispanic Youth Tobacco Policy and Leadership Initiative supported by CDC's OSH. Information about these and other programs can be found on the Web site.

National Asian Pacific American Families Against Substance Abuse (NAPAFASA)

www.napafasa.org

NAPAFASA addresses alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drug issues among Asian and Pacific Islander (API) populations on the continental United States, Hawaii, the six Pacific Island jurisdictions, and elsewhere. NAPAFASA involves service providers, families, and youth in efforts to reach

API communities to promote health and social justice and reduce substance abuse and related problems.

National Association for Children of Alcoholics (NACoA)

www.nacoa.org

NACoA has affiliate organizations throughout the country and in Great Britain; publishes a bimonthly newsletter; distributes videos, booklets, posters, and other educational materials; mails information packets; offers training and technical assistance, and maintains a toll-free phone line, 888-55-4COAS.

National Association of Drug Court Professionals (NADCP)

www.nadcp.org

The NADCP Web site offers downloadable resource guides and other publications to help communities seeking to establish drug courts and identify Federal, State, and local monies available for the purpose.

National Association of Lesbian & Gay Addiction Professionals (NALGAP)

www.nalgap.org

NALGAP is a membership organization dedicated to the prevention and treatment of alcoholism, substance abuse, and other addictions in lesbian/gay/bisexual/transgender (LGBT) communities. NALGAP provides information, training, networking and advocacy, and support for addiction professionals, individuals in recovery, and others concerned about LGBT health.

National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors (NASADAD) and NPN

www.nasadad.org

NASADAD's basic purpose is to foster and support the development of effective alcohol and illicit drug abuse prevention and treatment programs throughout every State.

NASADAD also serves as the administrative home for the NPN and includes NPN news and information on its Web site. NPN, an organization of State alcohol and other drug abuse prevention representatives, is a component of NASADAD and provides a national advocacy and communication system for prevention. State prevention representatives work with their respective State agency directors for alcohol and other drug abuse to ensure the provision of high quality and effective alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drug abuse prevention services in each State. The NPN president serves as the NASADAD vice president of prevention on the NASADAD board of directors.

National Black Alcoholism and Addictions Council (NBAC)

www.nbacinc.org

NBAC encourages prevention and treatment efforts by government and private groups and collaborates with public and private partners in solving community problems associated with alcoholism/addictions and substance abuse.

National Black Child Development Institute (NBCDI)

www.nbcdi.org

NBCDI provides and supports programs, workshops, and resources for African-American children, their parents, and communities in early health education, elementary and secondary health education, child welfare, and parenting.

National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse at Columbia University (CASA)

www.casacolumbia.org

CASA was founded in 1992 by former Secretary of Health and Education Joseph A. Califano, Jr. CASA convenes meetings; publishes reports, surveys, and other documents; and advocates through media for prevention and policies relating to substance abuse problems.

National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence, Inc. (NCADD)

www.ncadd.org

NCADD's Web site provides information, statistics, facts, referral, and advocacy, and it highlights awareness and prevention programs and campaigns. An online directory of local NCADD affiliates, including e-mail contacts, is included on the Web site. They and many other State and local organizations participate in the observance of NCADD's traditional Alcohol Awareness Month Campaign and Alcohol-Free Weekend in April.

National Families in Action (NFIA)

www.nationalfamilies.org

The NFIA Web site includes the group's Guide to the Drug-Prevention Movement, Guide to the Drug-Legalization Movement, Guide to Drug-Related State-Ballot Initiatives, and many substance-specific fact sheets about the effects of each drug on the brain. The site also offers the *NFIA Drug Abuse Update* digest.

National Family Partnership (NFP)

www.nfp.org

NFP is best known for the annual Red Ribbon Campaign.

Note: In 2005, SAMHSA issued a *Red Ribbon Community Action Guide* to help States and communities achieve increased benefits from supporting and participating in the annual observance. The guide is available in PDF format at

http://download.ncadi.samhsa.gov/Prevline/pdfs/Red_Ribbon_CAG.pdf.

National Inhalant Prevention Coalition (NIPC)

www.inhalants.org

NIPC coordinates National Inhalants and Poisons Awareness Week each spring. The NIPC Web site contains facts about inhalant abuse in English and Spanish.

Note: For additional education and media resources about inhalants, visit the Prevention Information section at <http://mass.gov/dph/bsas>.

National Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (NOFAS)

www.nofas.org

NOFAS focuses on national and community-based public awareness campaigns; a curriculum for medical and allied health students; training workshops and seminars for professional and lay audiences; youth outreach and peer education initiatives; and the NOFAS information, resource, and referral clearinghouse.

National Prevention Network (NPN)—see NASADAD

www.nasadad.org

National Women’s Health Resource Center (NWHRC)

www.healthywomen.org

The nonprofit organization, which is dedicated to helping women make informed decisions about their health, encourages women to embrace healthy lifestyles to promote wellness and prevent disease. The NWHRC Web site offers an extensive alphabetical listing of health topics—such as HIV/AIDS, substance abuse, smoking, and violence against women—that provide science-based information on their topics. Each section includes a link to the source reference documents used for developing the topic materials.

Partnership for a Drug-Free America (PDFA)

www.drugfreeamerica.org

Through its national anti-drug advertising campaign and other forms of media communication, the Partnership works to decrease demand for drugs and other substances by changing societal attitudes that support, tolerate, or condone drug use. PDFA is a partner with ONDCP and the advertising firm, Foote, Cone and Belding, in the ONDCP National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign.

The PDFA site provides an interactive map with links to PDFA affiliates in every State.

Partnership for Prevention (PFP)

www.prevent.org

The organization seeks to coordinate and focus the efforts of members to make prevention a visible and viable means to improving the Nation’s health. The PFP Web site includes a Tools and Resources area with archived files of publications of interest to substance abuse prevention professionals and advocates, such as *What Policymakers Need to Know About Cost Effectiveness* and *Guide to Smart Prevention Investments*, both published in 2002.

Remove Intoxicated Drivers (RID)

www.rid-usa.org

RID was formed in 1978 to deter alcohol-impaired driving and teen binge drinking. The organization, including independent chapters and coordinators in 41 States, supports lowering BACs and other policy measures. The group publishes a newsletter. Contact information is available on their Web site.

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) Substance Abuse Resource Center

www.rwjf.org

RWJF is the Nation's largest philanthropy in the area of health and health care for Americans. The Foundation supports grants—including unsolicited grant proposals—and publishes information and research on health-related topics such as substance abuse and violence.

Society for Prevention Research

www.preventionresearch.org

The Society for Prevention Research is a professional organization focused on the advancement of science-based prevention programs and policies through empirical research. The organization's members include scientists, practitioners, advocates, administrators, and policymakers. The group holds an annual meeting and publishes *Prevention Science Journal*.

Substance Abuse Librarians and Information Specialists (SALIS)

www.salis.org

SALIS is an international association of individuals and organizations with special interests in the exchange and dissemination of alcohol, tobacco, and other drug information. SALIS holds an annual conference, publishes a quarterly newsletter, and maintains a members-only listserv facilitating rapid exchanges of substance abuse information. The group works closely with its counterpart association in Europe, ELISAD (www.elisad.eu).

The SALIS Web site Resources section includes a comprehensive list of 80 bibliographic, statistical, and related databases covering all aspects of substance abuse; most of the databases are searchable online, and links to these are included on its Web site.

White Bison

www.whitebison.org

Since 1998, the group has promoted sobriety, recovery, and addictions prevention and has offered wellness/Wellbriety learning resources to the American-Indian community nationwide. White Bison also provides programs and resources to develop treatment, prevention, recovery, and intervention strategies that will lead to both sobriety and wellness. While focused on the needs of American Indians, White Bison welcomes the participation of non-Native people and organizations.

Working Partners for an Alcohol- and Drug-Free Workplace

www.dol.gov/dol/workingpartners.htm

The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) established Working Partners for an Alcohol- and Drug-Free Workplace to raise awareness about the impact of substance abuse in the workplace, especially in small businesses. Working Partners has facts and figures about alcohol and drug abuse and information on how to establish an alcohol- and drug-free workplace. DOL's Working Partners features the fully searchable Substance Abuse Information Database (SAID), which contains hundreds of reports, studies, and surveys that relate to workplace substance abuse. Summaries of laws and regulations also are included in SAID. Working Partners offers free subscriptions for e-mail updates of news and information.